NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-05

ITEM NO: 009-55

DATE: 30 AUG 2002 CATEGORY: II

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Regulating/Reducing Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.2 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria

3. REQUIREMENTS:

- 3.1 Matchmark valve parts.
- (V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"
- 3.2 Disassemble, clean internal and external surfaces free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect parts for defects.
- (I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"
- 3.2.1 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of hard-faced metallic seats and discs in accordance with 2.1.
- 3.2.1.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Section 7 of 2.2, except hairline cracks in hard-faced areas of seats and discs are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.
 - 3.3 Repair valve as follows:
- 3.3.1 Straighten stems and pushrods to within 0.002 inch total indicator reading. Polish stems and pushrods to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing or seal surfaces and remove raised edges and foreign matter.
 - 3.3.2 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.
 - 3.3.3 Dress and true gasket mating surfaces.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in metallic discs to seats to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

- 3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method. Transfer line shall not exceed 1/16-inch in width.
- 3.4 Assemble valve, installing new packing, gaskets, diaphragms, springs, and soft seats in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and new fasteners in accordance with Table One, or Table 2 for DDG-51 class.
 - 3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:
- 3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:
 - 3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.
- 3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief valve with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.
- $3.5.1.3\,$ Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation shown on Table 3.
- 3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) "SHOP TEST"

- 3.5.2 Test and set valve in shop.
 - 3.5.2.1 Test shall be applied for a minimum of three minutes.
- 3.6 Attach a metal tag to valve, stamped with the following information:
 - 3.6.1 Ship name and hull number.
 - 3.6.2 Valve number or identification.
 - 3.6.3 Valve regulation range and set point.
 - 3.6.4 Date valve tested and set.
 - 3.6.5 Name of repair facility.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

- $4.1\,$ Valve body, inlet, regulated pressure/temperature, and test medium will be designated in Work Item.
 - 4.2 Nitrogen or air may be used for shop test of steam valves.
 - 4.3 Repairs to pilot control will be specified in Work Item.

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TABLE ONE

VALVE BODY MATERIAL

	$\frac{1}{2}$ Alloy Steel	Carbon Steel	$\frac{2}{N}$
3/ Studs and Bolts to MIL-DTL-1222	Grade B-16	Grade B-16	Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A <u>4</u> /
Nuts to MIL-DTL-1222	Grade 4 or 7	Grade 4 or 7	Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A or Class B <u>5</u> /
Socket Head Cap Screws	FF-S-86	FF-S-86	

- 1/2 Alloy steel is of Composition A 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent Molybdenum, Composition B 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent Molybdenum, and Composition C Carbon Molybdenum.
- 2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.
- 3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end and Class 5 fit on the stud end, except that a Class 3 fit with a thread locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 250 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread locking compound shall conform to MIL-S-22473. Check Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.
- $\underline{\underline{4}}/$ Fasteners of Nickel Copper Aluminum shall be the only type used on sea chest and hull valves.

TABLE 2

VALVE BODY MATERIAL

	1/ Alloy Steel/Carbon Steel	2/ Nonferrous	
3/ Studs and Bolts to MIL-DTL-1222	5/ For services up to and including 650 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 5 steel	4/ 5/ Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A	
	For services to 775 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade B-7 or B-16		
	For services to 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade B-16		
	For services in which JP-5 lubricating oil, or inflammable gas or liquid of any kind, regardless of pressure and temperature, which are within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above 650 degrees F) and where steel tubing is required; Grade 2, 5 or 8 steel		
	Bolting subject to sea water corrosion (other than hull integrity bolting; for hull integrity bolting see Note 4) Connections in contact with bilge regions. Where strength requires ferrous bolting and is exposed to the weather; Class A Nickel - Copper alloy to QQ-N-281 or silicon bronze to ASTM B98 with dimensions of MIL-DTL-1222. Where greater strength is required, use Nickel - Copper - Aluminum alloy QQ-N-286.		
Nuts to MIL-DTL- 1222	5/ For services up to and including 650 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 5 steel	ices up to and including 650 Phosphor Bronze -	
	For service to 775 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 2H or 4 steel		
	For services to 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 4 steel		

TABLE 2 (CON'T)

IABLE 2 (CON-1)				
	1/ Alloy Steel/Carbon Steel	2/ Nonferrous		
	For services in which JP-5, lubricating oil, or inflammable gas or liquid of any kind, regardless of pressure and temperature which are within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above 650 degrees F) and where steel tubing is required; Grade 5 or 8 steel			
	Nuts subject to seawater corrosion. Connections in the bilge regions. Where strength requires ferrous material and is exposed to the weather; Class A or B Nickel Copper Alloy to QQ-N-281 or Silicon Bronze to ASTM B98 with dimensions to MIL-DTL-1222			

NOTES

- 1/ Alloy steel is of Composition A 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent
 Molybdenum, Composition B 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent
 Molybdenum, and Composition C Carbon Molybdenum.
- 2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.
- 3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end and Class 5 fit on the stud end, except that a Class 3 fit with a thread locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 200 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread locking compound shall conform to MIL-S-22473. Check Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.
- $4/\,\,$ Fasteners of Nickel Copper Aluminum shall be the only type used on sea chest and hull valves.
- 5/ Where these materials would constitute part of a galvanic couple, proposals for alternate materials shall be submitted for approval.

TABLE 3 - MASTER GAGE SELECTION FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTS

Maximum Test Pressure (lb/in²g)		Master Gage Range (lb/in ² g)***		Master Gage Maximum Graduation Size (lb/in ² g)
From*	To**	From	То	
5000 3000 2500 1500 1000 750 500 250 150 100 75 50	9500 5800 4800 2800 1800 1300 800 500 250 175 125 80 50 25	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10000 6000 5000 3000 2000 1500 1000 600 300 200 160 100 60 30 150	100 30 30 20 15 10 10 5 2 2 2 1 1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1

NOTES:

- Master gage and back-up gages shall track within two percent of each other.
- 2. System maximum test pressures shall be determined by applicable overhaul specification, building specification, or other governing documents.
- * Values agree with the requirement that gage range shall not exceed 200 percent of maximum test pressure except for gage ranges 0 to 60 and below.
- ** Values allow for reading pressures up to relief valve setting.
- *** Exceptions to the values given in this table may be approved locally by Design, based on an evaluation of test pressure, gage range, and specific application.

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